MINISTRY OF YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS, DEPARTMENT OF SPORTS

PAPERS TO BE LAID ON THE TABLE OF LOK SABHA/RAJYA SABHA

Sub: Laying of Review Statement in respect of Annual Report and Audited Accounts of Sports Authority of India (SAI), New Delhi for the year 2013-14

The Government of India through the Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports is in agreement with the Annual Report and Audited Accounts of Sports Authority of India (SAI), New Delhi, for the year 2013-14.

- 2. SAI was set up as a Society registered in 1984 under the Registration of Societies Act, 1860, with the objective of promotion of sports and games. It is also entrusted with the responsibility of maintaining and utilizing, on behalf of Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports, the following Stadia in Delhi which were constructed/renovated for the IXth Asian Games held in New Delhi in 1982:-
- i. Jawaharlal Nehru Stadium Complex
- ii. Indira Gandhi Sports Complex
- iii. Major Dhyan Chand National Stadium
- iv. Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee Swimming Pool Complex
- v. Dr. Karni Singh Shooting Ranges
- 3. Hon'ble Union Minister of Youth Affairs and Sports is the ex-officio President of the General Body of SAI and the ex-officio Chairman of the Governing Body of SAI. The General Body of SAI met once and the Governing Body of SAI met thrice in the year 2013-14.
- 4. SAI functions from its Headquarters based at Jawaharlal Nehru Stadium Complex (East Gate), Lodhi Road, New Delhi. The organization is headed by a Director General, who is assisted by senior officials including Secretary and Executive Directors. The sports promotion activities in the field are looked after

by Regional Heads based at Kolkata, Bangalore, Gandhinagar, Bhopal, Sonepat, Chandigarh and Imphal and Sub-Centres at Lucknow and Guwahati.

- 5. The Academic activities of SAI are carried out through the Netaji Subhash National Institute of Sports, Patiala (Coaching Education / Sports Medicine) and Lakshmibai National College of Physical Education, Thiruvanthapuram (Physical Education).
- 6. SAI is substantially funded by the Government of India and during the financial year 2012-13, Ministry had released a Grant-in-Aid of **Rs. 371.45** crores under Plan, Plan NER and Non-Plan Heads. The funds released under "Plan" also included the funds released for North Eastern Region. SAI also generated its own income of **Rs. 47.84** crores during that period by letting out its facilities on rental, earning interest on income etc.
- 7. In 2013-14, SAI utilized the Grant-in-Aid on implementation of its schemes including National Coaching Scheme, augmentation and upgradation of its infrastructure facilities including in North Eastern region and on other Administrative expenses. Under its National Coaching Scheme, SAI provided some of its coaches to State Governments also for training talented sportspersons.
- 8. Schemes which were implemented by SAI through its Regional Centres during 2013-14 were:-

a) National Sports Talent Contest (NSTC) Scheme

Objectives – The main concept of the scheme is to impart training/play and study at the same place as students.

Under the scheme, in 2013-14, there were **14** Regular adopted Schools, **07** Schools for promotion of Indigenous Games and Martial Arts, and **32** Akharas

adopted and **02** Sports Centres adopted on the pattern of Akharas. During the said period, a total of **1016** (813 Boys and 203 Girls) in the age group of 8-14 years were undergoing training in different sports disciplines.

b) Army Boys Sports Company (ABSC) Scheme

The Army Boys Sports Company (ABSC) is yet another scheme aimed at spotting and nurturing talent from amongst Sub-Junior age group of 8-16 years implemented in collaboration with Indian Army at some of their Regimental Centres. There were **15** ABSC Centres where this scheme operated. During the year 2013-14, **965** trainees were trained in various disciplines.

c) SAI Training Centre (STC) Scheme

The SAI Training Centre Scheme was launched in 1995 to provide an integrated planned and systematic approach for creation of sports infrastructure along with coaching, hostel facilities and other associated support for talented sportspersons. During 2013-14 there were **56** Centres in the country in which a total of **5406** trainees (**3830** boys and **1576** girls) were given training in different Sports disciplines.

d) Special Area Games (SAG) Scheme

The Special Area Games (SAG) Scheme was evolved by SAI while formulating its 7th Five Year Plan Scheme (1985-90). The Scheme was

developed to tap the sports potential amongst the age group 12-18 years available in the tribal, costal, rural and inaccessible areas of the country. During the year 2013-14 there were a total **1746** trainees (**1012** boys and **734** girls) in **19** SAG Centres.

e) Extension Centres of STC/SAG Centres

The basic objective of the Scheme is to develop sports in schools and colleges, having basic sports infrastructure and proven track record in sports, by providing them financial & coaching support, subject to availability. Trainees in the age group of 12-18 years are adopted under the Scheme. During 2013-14, there were **1184** trainees in **69** Extension Centres under the STC & SAG Schemes in the country (**748** Boys and 436 Girls).

f) Centre of Excellence (COE) Scheme

The Centre of Excellence Scheme envisages induction of talent based on performance in the senior National Competitions for training at Regional Centres of SAI. During 2013-14, there were **500** trainees in **15** COE Centres (**261** Boys and **239** Girls).

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